



## SENATE BILL No. 103

DIGEST OF SB 103 (Updated February 26, 2007 2:54 pm - DI 87)

Citations Affected: IC 5-14; IC 8-1; IC 20-12; IC 23-13; IC 25-1.

Synopsis: Serial meetings and electronic meetings. Provides that, absent express statutory authorization, a member of the governing body of a public agency who is not physically present at a meeting but communicates with other members of the governing body during the meeting by an electronic means of communication may not participate in a final action taken at the meeting or be considered to be present at the meeting. Allows the board of trustees (and a committee of the board) of a state educational institution, the Ivy Tech board of trustees (and a committee of the board), the board of trustees of Vincennes University (and a committee of the board), the governing body of a joint agency of a municipal utility program, and a board, committee, or commission administered by the Indiana professional licensing agency to conduct meetings by electronic means. Provides, with certain exceptions, that members of the governing body who participate in a series of gatherings either in person or by electronic means (excluding electronic mail) violate the open door law if: (1) one of the gatherings is attended by at least three members but less than a quorum of the members of the governing body and the other gatherings include at least two members of the governing body; (2) the total sum of different members attending all gatherings at least equals a quorum of the governing body; (3) all the gatherings concern the same subject matter and are held within a period of not more than seven days; and (4) the gatherings are held for the purpose of taking official action on public business. Excludes certain gatherings from the definition of "meeting" under the open door law.

Effective: July 1, 2007.

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January 8, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government and Elections.

February 22, 2007, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass. February 26, 2007, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 103

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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1	SECTION 1. IC 5-14-1.5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. For the purposes of
3	this chapter:

- (a) "Public agency" means the following:
  - (1) Any board, commission, department, agency, authority, or other entity, by whatever name designated, exercising a portion of the executive, administrative, or legislative power of the state.
  - (2) Any county, township, school corporation, city, town, political subdivision, or other entity, by whatever name designated, exercising in a limited geographical area the executive, administrative, or legislative power of the state or a delegated local governmental power.
  - (3) Any entity which is subject to either:
    - (A) budget review by either the department of local government finance or the governing body of a county, city, town, township, or school corporation; or
    - (B) audit by the state board of accounts.



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1	(4) Any building corporation of a political subdivision of the state
2	of Indiana that issues bonds for the purpose of constructing public
3	facilities.
4	(5) Any advisory commission, committee, or body created by
5	statute, ordinance, or executive order to advise the governing
6	body of a public agency, except medical staffs or the committees
7	of any such staff.
8	(6) The Indiana gaming commission established by IC 4-33,
9	including any department, division, or office of the commission.
10	(7) The Indiana horse racing commission established by IC 4-31,
11	including any department, division, or office of the commission.
12	(b) "Governing body" means two (2) or more individuals who are:
13	(1) a public agency that:
14	(A) is a board, a commission, an authority, a council, a
15	committee, a body, or other entity; and
16	(B) takes official action on public business;
17	(2) the board, commission, council, or other body of a public
18	agency which takes official action upon public business; or
19	(3) any committee appointed directly by the governing body or its
20	presiding officer to which authority to take official action upon
21	public business has been delegated. An agent or agents appointed
22	by the governing body to conduct collective bargaining on behalf
23	of the governing body does not constitute a governing body for
24	purposes of this chapter.
25	(c) "Meeting" means a gathering of a majority of the governing body
26	of a public agency for the purpose of taking official action upon public
27	business. It does not include:
28	(1) any social or chance gathering not intended to avoid this
29	chapter;
30	(2) any on-site inspection of any: project or program;
31	(A) project;
32	(B) program; or
33	(C) facilities of applicants for incentives or assistance from
34	the governing body;
35	(3) traveling to and attending meetings of organizations devoted
36	to betterment of government; or
37	(4) a caucus;
38	(5) a gathering to discuss an industrial or a commercial
39	prospect that does not include a conclusion as to
40	recommendations, policy, decisions, or final action on the
41	terms of a request or an offer of public financial resources;
42	(6) orientation of members of the governing body on their role



1	and responsibilities as public officials, but not for any other
2	official action; or
3	(7) a gathering for the sole purpose of administering an oath
4	of office to an individual.
5	(d) "Official action" means to:
6	(1) receive information;
7	(2) deliberate;
8	(3) make recommendations;
9	(4) establish policy;
10	(5) make decisions; or
11	(6) take final action.
12	(e) "Public business" means any function upon which the public
13	agency is empowered or authorized to take official action.
14	(f) "Executive session" means a meeting from which the public is
15	excluded, except the governing body may admit those persons
16	necessary to carry out its purpose.
17	(g) "Final action" means a vote by the governing body on any
18	motion, proposal, resolution, rule, regulation, ordinance, or order.
19	(h) "Caucus" means a gathering of members of a political party or
20	coalition which is held for purposes of planning political strategy and
21	holding discussions designed to prepare the members for taking official
22	action.
23	(i) "Deliberate" means a discussion which may reasonably be
24	expected to result in official action (defined under subsection (d)(3),
25	(d)(4), (d)(5), or (d)(6)).
26	(j) "News media" means all newspapers qualified to receive legal
27	advertisements under IC 5-3-1, all news services (as defined in
28	IC 34-6-2-87), and all licensed commercial or public radio or television
29	stations.
30	(k) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability
31	company, a partnership, an unincorporated association, or a
32	governmental entity.
33	SECTION 2. IC 5-14-1.5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as
35	provided in section 6.1 of this chapter, all meetings of the governing
36	bodies of public agencies must be open at all times for the purpose of
37	permitting members of the public to observe and record them.
38	(b) A secret ballot vote may not be taken at a meeting.
39	(c) A meeting conducted in compliance with IC 5-1.5-2-2.5 does not
40	violate this section.
41	(d) A member of the governing body of a public agency who is
42	not physically present at a meeting of the governing body but who



1	communicates with members of the governing body during the
2	meeting by telephone, computer, videoconferencing, or any other
3	electronic means of communication:
4	(1) may not participate in final action taken at the meeting
5	unless the member's participation is expressly authorized by
6	statute; and
7	(2) may not be considered to be present at the meeting unless
8	considering the member to be present at the meeting is
9	expressly authorized by statute.
0	SECTION 3. IC 5-14-1.5-3.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
.1	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3.1. (a) The governing body of a
3	public agency violates this chapter if members of the governing
4	body participate in a series of at least two (2) gatherings of
.5	members of the governing body and the series of gatherings meets
6	all of the following criteria:
7	(1) One (1) of the gatherings is attended by at least three (3)
8	members but less than a quorum of the members of the
9	governing body and the other gatherings include at least two
20	(2) members of the governing body.
21	(2) The sum of the number of different members of the
22	governing body attending any of the gatherings at least equals
23	a quorum of the governing body.
24	(3) All the gatherings concern the same subject matter and
2.5	are held within a period of not more than seven (7) days.
26	(4) The gatherings are held to take official action on public
27	business.
28	For purposes of this subsection, a member of a governing body
29	attends a gathering if the member is present at the gathering in
0	person or if the member participates in the gathering by telephone
31	or other electronic means, excluding electronic mail.
32	(b) A gathering under subsection (a) does not include:
3	(1) a social or chance gathering not intended by any member
34	of the governing body to avoid the requirements of this
35	chapter;
66	(2) an onsite inspection of any:
37	(A) project;
8	(B) program; or
19	(C) facilities of applicants for incentives or assistance from
10	the governing body;
1	(3) traveling to and attending meetings of organizations

devoted to the betterment of government;



1	(4) a caucus;
2	(5) a gathering to discuss an industrial or a commercial
3	prospect that does not include a conclusion as to
4	recommendations, policy, decisions, or final action on the
5	terms of a request or an offer of public financial resources;
6	(6) a conversation between the presiding officer of a
7	governing body and one (1) other member of the governing
8	body for the purpose of receiving information, but not for any
9	other official action;
.0	(7) orientation of members of the governing body on their role
1	and responsibilities as public officials, but not for any other
2	official action;
.3	(8) a gathering for the sole purpose of administering an oath
4	of office to an individual; or
. 5	(9) a meeting between less than a quorum of the members of
6	the governing body intended solely for members to engage in
7	informal discussion concerning whether a member or
. 8	members may be inclined to support a member's proposal or
9	a particular piece of legislation and at which no other official
20	or final action will occur.
21	(c) A violation described in subsection (a) is subject to section 7
22	of this chapter.
23	SECTION 4. IC 5-14-1.5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 7. (a) An action may be
25	filed by any person in any court of competent jurisdiction to:
26	(1) obtain a declaratory judgment;
27	(2) enjoin continuing, threatened, or future violations of this
28	chapter; or
29	(3) declare void any policy, decision, or final action:
0	(A) taken at an executive session in violation of section 3(a) of
31	this chapter;
32	(B) taken at any meeting of which notice is not given in
33	accordance with section 5 of this chapter;
34	(C) that is based in whole or in part upon official action taken
35	at any:
66	(i) executive session in violation of section 3(a) of this
37	chapter; <del>or at any</del>
8	(ii) meeting of which notice is not given in accordance with
9	section 5 of this chapter; or
10	(iii) series of gatherings in violation of section 3.1 of this
1	chapter; or
12	(D) taken at a meeting held in a location in violation of section



1	8 of this chapter.
2	The plaintiff need not allege or prove special damage different from
3	that suffered by the public at large.
4	(b) Regardless of whether a formal complaint or an informal inquiry
5	is pending before the public access counselor, any action to declare any
6	policy, decision, or final action of a governing body void, or to enter an
7	injunction which would invalidate any policy, decision, or final action
8	of a governing body, based on violation of this chapter occurring before
9	the action is commenced, shall be commenced:
10	(1) prior to the delivery of any warrants, notes, bonds, or
11	obligations if the relief sought would have the effect, if granted,
12	of invalidating the notes, bonds, or obligations; or
13	(2) with respect to any other subject matter, within thirty (30)
14	days of either:
15	(A) the date of the act or failure to act complained of; or
16	(B) the date that the plaintiff knew or should have known that
17	the act or failure to act complained of had occurred;
18	whichever is later. If the challenged policy, decision, or final action is
19	recorded in the memoranda or minutes of a governing body, a plaintiff
20	is considered to have known that the act or failure to act complained of
21	had occurred not later than the date that the memoranda or minutes are
22	first available for public inspection.
23	(c) If a court finds that a governing body of a public agency has
24	violated this chapter, it may not find that the violation was cured by the
25	governing body by only having taken final action at a meeting that
26	complies with this chapter.
27	(d) In determining whether to declare any policy, decision, or final
28	action void, a court shall consider the following factors among other
29	relevant factors:
30	(1) The extent to which the violation:
31	(A) affected the substance of the policy, decision, or final
32	action;
33	(B) denied or impaired access to any meetings that the public
34	had a right to observe and record; and
35	(C) prevented or impaired public knowledge or understanding
36	of the public's business.
37	(2) Whether voiding of the policy, decision, or final action is a
38	necessary prerequisite to a substantial reconsideration of the
39	subject matter.
40	(3) Whether the public interest will be served by voiding the
41	policy, decision, or final action by determining which of the



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following factors outweighs the other:

1	(A) The remedial benefits gained by effectuating the public
2	policy of the state declared in section 1 of this chapter.
3	(B) The prejudice likely to accrue to the public if the policy,
4	decision, or final action is voided, including the extent to
5	which persons have relied upon the validity of the challenged
6	action and the effect declaring the challenged action void
7	would have on them.
8	(4) Whether the defendant acted in compliance with an informal
9	inquiry response or advisory opinion issued by the public access
10	counselor concerning the violation.
11	(e) If a court declares a policy, decision, or final action of a
12	governing body of a public agency void, the court may enjoin the
13	governing body from subsequently acting upon the subject matter of
14	the voided act until it has been given substantial reconsideration at a
15	meeting or meetings that comply with this chapter.
16	(f) In any action filed under this section, a court shall award
17	reasonable attorney's fees, court costs, and other reasonable expenses
18	of litigation to the prevailing party if:
19	(1) the plaintiff prevails; or
20	(2) the defendant prevails and the court finds that the action is
21	frivolous and vexatious.
22	The plaintiff is not eligible for the awarding of attorney's fees, court
23	costs, and other reasonable expenses if the plaintiff filed the action
24	without first seeking and receiving an informal inquiry response or
25	advisory opinion from the public access counselor, unless the plaintiff
26	can show the filing of the action was necessary to prevent a violation
27	of this chapter.
28	(g) A court shall expedite the hearing of an action filed under this
29	section.
30	SECTION 5. IC 8-1-2.2-31 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
31	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
32	1, 2007]: Sec. 31. (a) This section applies to a meeting of the board
33	of commissioners of a joint agency at which at least a quorum of
34	the board is physically present at the place where the meeting is
35	conducted.
36	(b) A member of the board of commissioners of a joint agency
37	may participate in a meeting of the board of commissioners by
38	using a means of communication that permits:
39	(1) all other members participating in the meeting; and
40	(2) all members of the public physically present at the place
41	where the meeting is conducted;

to simultaneously communicate with each other during the



1	meeting.
2	(c) A member of the board of commissioners of a joint agency
3	who participates in a meeting under subsection (b) is considered to
4	be present at the meeting.
5	(d) The memoranda of a meeting of the board of commissioners
6	of a joint agency prepared under IC 5-14-1.5-4 must state the name
7	of:
8	(1) each member who was physically present at the place
9	where the meeting was conducted;
10	(2) each member who participated in the meeting by using a
11	means of communication described in subsection (b); and
12	(3) each member who was absent.
13	SECTION 6. IC 20-12-1-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
14	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
15	1, 2007]: Sec. 13. (a) This section applies to a meeting of the board
16	of trustees or a committee of the board of trustees of any state
17	educational institution (as defined in IC 20-12-0.5-1).
18	(b) A member of the board of trustees may participate in a
19	meeting of the board at which at least a quorum is physically
20	present at the place where the meeting is conducted by using a
21	means of communication that permits:
22	(1) all other members participating in the meeting; and
23	(2) all members of the public physically present at the place
24	where the meeting is conducted;
25	to simultaneously communicate with each other during the
26	meeting.
27	(c) A member of a committee of the board of trustees may
28	participate in a committee meeting by using a means of
29	communication that permits:
30	(1) all other members participating in the meeting; and
31	(2) all members of the public physically present at the place
32	where the meeting is conducted;
33	to simultaneously communicate with each other during the
34	meeting.
35	(d) A member who participates in a meeting under subsection
36	(b) or (c) is considered to be present at the meeting.
37	(e) The memoranda of the meeting prepared under
38	IC 5-14-1.5-4 must state the name of:
39	(1) each member who was physically present at the place
40	where the meeting was conducted;
41	(2) each member who participated in the meeting by using a

means of communication described in subsection (b) or (c);



1	and
2	(3) each member who was absent.
3	SECTION 7. IC 20-12-61-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
4	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5.5. (a) This section applies to a
6	meeting of the state board or a committee of the state board at
7	which at least a quorum of the board or the committee is physically
8	present at the place where the meeting is conducted.
9	(b) A member of the state board or a committee of the state
0	board may participate in a meeting of the state board or a
1	committee of the state board by using a means of communication
2	that permits:
.3	(1) all other members participating in the meeting; and
4	(2) all members of the public physically present at the place
5	where the meeting is conducted;
6	to simultaneously communicate with each other during the
7	meeting.
8	(c) A member who participates in a meeting under subsection
9	(b) is considered to be present at the meeting.
0.	(d) The memoranda of the meeting prepared under
1	IC 5-14-1.5-4 must state the name of:
.2	(1) each member who was physically present at the place
23	where the meeting was conducted;
4	(2) each member who participated in the meeting by using a
5	means of communication described in subsection (b); and
6	(3) each member who was absent.
7	SECTION 8. IC 23-13-18-28 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
8	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 28. (a) This section applies to a
0	meeting of the board of trustees or a committee of the board of
1	trustees at which at least a quorum of the board or the committee
2	is physically present at the place where the meeting is conducted.
3	(b) A member of the board or a committee of the board may
4	participate in a meeting of the board or the committee by using a
5	means of communication that permits:
6	(1) all other members participating in the meeting; and
7	(2) all members of the public physically present at the place
8	where the meeting is conducted;
9	to simultaneously communicate with each other during the
10	meeting.
1	(c) A member who participates in a meeting under subsection
12	(b) is considered to be present at the meeting.



1	(d) The memoranda of the meeting prepared under	
2	IC 5-14-1.5-4 must state the name of:	
3	(1) each member who was physically present at the place	
4	where the meeting was conducted;	
5	(2) each member who participated in the meeting by using a	
6	means of communication described in subsection (b); and	
7	(3) each member who was absent.	
8	SECTION 9. IC 25-1-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS	
9	A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
10	1, 2007]:	
11	Chapter 14. Meetings	
12	Sec. 1. This section applies to a meeting of a board, committee,	
13	or commission listed in IC 25-1-5-3 or IC 25-1-6-3.	
14	Sec. 2. A member of a board, committee, or commission may	
15	participate in a meeting of the board, committee, or commission by	
16	using a means of communication that permits:	
17	(1) all other members participating in the meeting; and	U
18	(2) all members of the public physically present at the place	
19	where the meeting is conducted;	
20	to simultaneously communicate with each other during the	
21	meeting.	
22	Sec. 3. A member who participates in a meeting under section	
23	2 of this chapter:	
24	(1) is considered to be present at the meeting;	
25	(2) shall be counted for purposes of establishing a quorum;	
26	and	
27	(3) may vote at the meeting.	
28	Sec. 4. The memoranda of the meeting prepared under	V
29	IC 5-14-1.5-4 must state the name of:	
30	(1) each member who was physically present at the place	
31	where the meeting was conducted;	
32	(2) each member who participated in the meeting by using a	
33	means of communication described in section 2 of this	
34	chapter; and	
35	(3) each member who was absent.	



#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Local Government and Elections, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 103, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 5-14-1.5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. For the purposes of this chapter:

- (a) "Public agency" means the following:
  - (1) Any board, commission, department, agency, authority, or other entity, by whatever name designated, exercising a portion of the executive, administrative, or legislative power of the state.
  - (2) Any county, township, school corporation, city, town, political subdivision, or other entity, by whatever name designated, exercising in a limited geographical area the executive, administrative, or legislative power of the state or a delegated local governmental power.
  - (3) Any entity which is subject to either:
    - (A) budget review by either the department of local government finance or the governing body of a county, city, town, township, or school corporation; or
    - (B) audit by the state board of accounts.
  - (4) Any building corporation of a political subdivision of the state of Indiana that issues bonds for the purpose of constructing public facilities.
  - (5) Any advisory commission, committee, or body created by statute, ordinance, or executive order to advise the governing body of a public agency, except medical staffs or the committees of any such staff.
  - (6) The Indiana gaming commission established by IC 4-33, including any department, division, or office of the commission.
  - (7) The Indiana horse racing commission established by IC 4-31, including any department, division, or office of the commission.
- (b) "Governing body" means two (2) or more individuals who are:
- (1) a public agency that:
  - (A) is a board, a commission, an authority, a council, a committee, a body, or other entity; and
  - (B) takes official action on public business;
- (2) the board, commission, council, or other body of a public









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- agency which takes official action upon public business; or
- (3) any committee appointed directly by the governing body or its presiding officer to which authority to take official action upon public business has been delegated. An agent or agents appointed by the governing body to conduct collective bargaining on behalf of the governing body does not constitute a governing body for purposes of this chapter.
- (c) "Meeting" means a gathering of a majority of the governing body of a public agency for the purpose of taking official action upon public business. It does not include:
  - (1) any social or chance gathering not intended to avoid this chapter;
  - (2) any on-site inspection of any: project or program;
    - (A) project;
    - (B) program; or
    - (C) facilities of applicants for incentives or assistance from the governing body;
  - (3) traveling to and attending meetings of organizations devoted to betterment of government; or
  - (4) a caucus;
  - (5) a gathering to receive information about an industrial or a commercial prospect that does not include a discussion of the terms of a request or an offer of public financial resources;
  - (6) training of members of the governing body on their role and responsibilities by the presiding officer of a governing body, but not for any other official action; or
  - (7) a gathering for the sole purpose of administering an oath of office to an individual.
  - (d) "Official action" means to:
    - (1) receive information;
    - (2) deliberate;
    - (3) make recommendations;
    - (4) establish policy;
    - (5) make decisions; or
    - (6) take final action.
- (e) "Public business" means any function upon which the public agency is empowered or authorized to take official action.
- (f) "Executive session" means a meeting from which the public is excluded, except the governing body may admit those persons necessary to carry out its purpose.
  - (g) "Final action" means a vote by the governing body on any



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motion, proposal, resolution, rule, regulation, ordinance, or order.

- (h) "Caucus" means a gathering of members of a political party or coalition which is held for purposes of planning political strategy and holding discussions designed to prepare the members for taking official action.
- (i) "Deliberate" means a discussion which may reasonably be expected to result in official action (defined under subsection (d)(3), (d)(4), (d)(5), or (d)(6)).
- (j) "News media" means all newspapers qualified to receive legal advertisements under IC 5-3-1, all news services (as defined in IC 34-6-2-87), and all licensed commercial or public radio or television stations.
- (k) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability company, a partnership, an unincorporated association, or a governmental entity.".
- Page 2, line 24, after "intended" insert "by any member of the governing body".
- Page 2, line 26, delete "an onsite inspection of any project or program;" and insert "an onsite inspection of any:
  - (A) project;
  - (B) program; or
  - (C) facilities of applicants for incentives or assistance from the governing body;".
  - Page 2, delete lines 30 through 32.
  - Page 2, line 33, delete "(6)" and insert "(5)".
  - Page 2, line 35, delete "." and insert ";".
- Page 2, between lines 35 and 36, begin a new line block indented and insert:
  - "(6) a conversation between the presiding officer of a governing body and one (1) other member of the governing body for the purpose of receiving information, but not for any other official action;
  - (7) training of members of the governing body on their role and responsibilities by the presiding officer of a governing body, but not for any other official action; or
  - (8) a gathering for the sole purpose of administering an oath of office to an individual.".

Page 5, delete lines 28 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 5. IC 20-12-1-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: **Sec. 13. (a) This section applies to a meeting of the board** 

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of trustees or a committee of the board of trustees of any state educational institution (as defined in IC 20-12-0.5-1).

- (b) A member of the board of trustees may participate in a meeting of the board at which at least a quorum is physically present at the place where the meeting is conducted by using a means of communication that permits:
  - (1) all other members participating in the meeting; and
  - (2) all members of the public physically present at the place where the meeting is conducted;

to simultaneously communicate with each other during the meeting.

- (c) A member of a committee of the board of trustees may participate in a committee meeting by using a means of communication that permits:
  - (1) all other members participating in the meeting; and
  - (2) all members of the public physically present at the place where the meeting is conducted;

to simultaneously communicate with each other during the meeting.

- (d) A member who participates in a meeting under subsection (b) or (c) is considered to be present at the meeting.
- (e) The memoranda of the meeting prepared under IC 5-14-1.5-4 must state the name of:
  - (1) each member who was physically present at the place where the meeting was conducted;
  - (2) each member who participated in the meeting by using a means of communication described in subsection (b) or (c); and
  - (3) each member who was absent.".

Page 6, delete lines 1 through 8.

Page 7, after line 13, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 8. IC 25-1-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]:

Chapter 14. Meetings

- Sec. 1. This section applies to a meeting of a board, committee, or commission listed in IC 25-1-5-3 or IC 25-1-6-3.
- Sec. 2. A member of a board, committee, or commission may participate in a meeting of the board, committee, or commission by using a means of communication that permits:
  - (1) all other members participating in the meeting; and
  - (2) all members of the public physically present at the place



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where the meeting is conducted;

to simultaneously communicate with each other during the meeting.

- Sec. 3. A member who participates in a meeting under section 2 of this chapter:
  - (1) is considered to be present at the meeting;
  - (2) shall be counted for purposes of establishing a quorum; and
  - (3) may vote at the meeting.
- Sec. 4. The memoranda of the meeting prepared under IC 5-14-1.5-4 must state the name of:
  - (1) each member who was physically present at the place where the meeting was conducted;
  - (2) each member who participated in the meeting by using a means of communication described in section 2 of this chapter; and
  - (3) each member who was absent.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 103 as introduced.)

LAWSON C, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 6, Nays 2.

### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 103 be amended to read as follows:

Page 2, delete lines 38 through 42, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(5) a gathering to discuss an industrial or a commercial prospect that does not include a conclusion as to recommendations, policy, decisions, or final action on the terms of a request or an offer of public financial resources; (6) orientation of members of the governing body on their role and responsibilities as public officials, but not for any other official action; or".

Page 3, delete lines 1 through 2.

Page 4, delete lines 17 through 18, begin a new line block indented and insert:

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"(1) One (1) of the gatherings is attended by at least three (3) members but less than a quorum of the members of the governing body and the other gatherings include at least two (2) members of the governing body."

Page 4, delete line 42, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(5) a gathering to discuss an industrial or a commercial prospect that does not include a conclusion as to recommendations, policy, decisions, or final action on the terms of a request or an offer of public financial resources;".

Page 5, delete lines 1 through 2.

Page 5, delete lines 7 through 9, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(7) orientation of members of the governing body on their role and responsibilities as public officials, but not for any other official action;".

Page 5, line 11, delete "." and insert "; or".

Page 5, between lines 11 and 12, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(9) a meeting between less than a quorum of the members of the governing body intended solely for members to engage in informal discussion concerning whether a member or members may be inclined to support a member's proposal or a particular piece of legislation and at which no other official or final action will occur."

(Reference is to SB 103 as printed February 23, 2007.)

GARD



